

Dérivées - Fonctions trigonométriques

Chercher les fonctions dérivées des fonctions numériques f définies dans \mathbb{R} par :

$$f(x) = \sin x + 2\cos x$$

$$f(x) = \sin x \cos x$$

$$f(x) = (\sin x + 2\cos x)\cos x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin x + 1}{\sin x - 1}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\cos x + 2}{\cos x + 3}$$

$$f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{2} + 3\cos 4x$$

$$f(x) = 6\cos \frac{x}{3} - 4\sin \frac{3x}{2}$$

$$f(x) = 2\cos x - \cos 2x$$

$$f(x) = \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} + \cos^3 4x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin 3x}{\cos 5x}$$

$$f(x) = 1 + \frac{\sin^3 x}{\cos x}$$

$$f(x) = \sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$f(x) = \cos\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \sin\left(3x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$f(x) = 2\sin^2 x + 5\sin x - 3$$

$$f(x) = 2\cos\left(3x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) - 3\sin 4x$$

$$f(x) = 4\sin^3 x - 3\sin x + 2$$

$$f(x) = 3\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x - 1$$

$$f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{2} \sin \frac{x}{3}$$

$$f(x) = 4\cos \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{3x}{2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x + \sin x}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{\cos 2x}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos^2 2x}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2}\cos x + 1)^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\sin 2x} - \frac{1}{\sin x}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\cos 2x + 3\sin^2 x}$$

$$f(x) = x - \sin x \cos x$$

$$f(x) = \cos x (\sin^2 x + 2)$$

$$f(x) = \sin x \cos x (2\cos^2 x + 3) + 3x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\cos x}{\sin^3 x} - 2\cotan x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{\cos x + x \sin x}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\tan x}{a + (ax + b)\tan x}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\cos x + x \sin x}{\sin x - x \cos x}$$

$$f(x) = 2x \cos x + (x^2 - 2)\sin x$$

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Réponses :

$$f'(x) = (\sin x + 2\cos x)' = \cos x - 2\sin x$$

$$f'(x) = (\sin x \cos x)' = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = \cos 2x$$

$$f'(x) = ((\sin x + 2\cos x)\cos x)' = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x - 4\sin x \cos x = \cos 2x - 2\sin 2x$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\sin x + 1}{\sin x - 1}\right)' = \frac{-2\cos x}{(\sin x - 1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\cos x + 2}{\cos x + 3}\right)' = \frac{-\sin x}{(\cos x + 3)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\sin \frac{x}{2} + 3\cos 4x\right)' = \frac{1}{2}\cos \frac{x}{2} - 12\sin 4x$$

$$f'(x) = \left(6\cos \frac{x}{3} - 4\sin \frac{3x}{2}\right)' = -2\sin \frac{x}{3} - 6\cos \frac{3x}{2}$$

$$f'(x) = (2\cos x - \cos 2x)' = 2\sin x(2\cos x - 1)$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\sin^2 \frac{x}{2} + \cos^3 4x\right)' = \sin \frac{x}{2}\cos \frac{x}{2} - 12\cos^2 4x \sin 4x = \frac{1}{2}\sin x + 6\sin 8x \cos 4x$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\sin 3x}{\cos 5x}\right)' = \frac{3\cos 3x \cos 5x + 5\sin 5x \sin 3x}{\cos^2 5x}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(1 + \frac{\sin^3 x}{\cos x}\right)' = \frac{\sin^2 x(3\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x)}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{\sin^2 x(1 + 2\sin^2 x)}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)\right)' = \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) - \sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\cos\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \sin\left(3x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right)' = -2\sin\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + 3\cos\left(3x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$f'(x) = (2\sin^2 x + 5\sin x - 3)' = \cos x(4\sin x + 5)$$

$$f'(x) = \left(2\cos\left(3x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) - 3\sin 4x\right)' = -6\sin\left(3x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) - 12\cos 4x$$

$$f'(x) = (4\sin^3 x - 3\sin x + 2)' = 3\cos x(4\sin^2 x - 1)$$

$$f'(x) = (3\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x - 1)' = 4\cos x \sin x(4\sin^2 x - 1)$$

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Réponses :

$$f'(x) = \left(\sin \frac{x}{2} \sin \frac{x}{3}\right)' = \frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2} \sin \frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{3}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(4 \cos \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{3x}{2}\right)' = -2 \left[\sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{3x}{2} + 3 \cos \frac{x}{2} \sin \frac{3x}{2} \right]$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x + \sin x}\right)' = \frac{1}{(\sin x + \cos x)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos 2x}\right)' = \frac{\cos x (\cos^2 x + 3 \sin^2 x)}{\cos^2 2x}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\sin 2x}{\cos^2 2x}\right)' = \frac{2 \cos 2x (\cos^2 2x + 2 \sin^2 2x)}{\cos^4 2x}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{1}{(\sqrt{2} \cos x + 1)^2}\right)' = \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sin x}{(\sqrt{2} \cos x + 1)^3}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{2}{\sin 2x} - \frac{1}{\sin x}\right)' = \frac{4(\cos^3 x - 2 \cos^2 x + 1)}{\sin^2 2x} = \frac{(\cos x - 1)(\cos^2 x - \cos x - 1)}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\sqrt{\cos 2x + 3 \sin^2 x}\right)' = \frac{\sin 2x}{2\sqrt{\cos 2x + 3 \sin^2 x}}$$

$$f'(x) = (x - \sin x \cos x)' = 2 \sin^2 x$$

$$f'(x) = (\cos x (\sin^2 x + 2))' = -3 \sin^3 x$$

$$f'(x) = (\sin x \cos x (2 \cos^2 x + 3) + 3x)' = 8 \cos^4 x$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\cos x}{\sin^3 x} - 2 \cotan x\right)' = \frac{-3}{\sin^4 x}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{\cos x + x \sin x}\right)' = \frac{x^2}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\tan x}{a + (x + b) \tan x}\right)' = \frac{a}{[a + (x + b) \tan x]^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\cos x + x \sin x}{\sin x - x \cos x}\right)' = \frac{-x^2}{(\sin x - x \cos x)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = (2x \cos x + (x^2 - 2) \sin x)' = x^2 \cos x$$

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